

CENTAUREA MACULOSA IN ILLINOIS.—Within the past year this species has been reported from Michigan by E. E. Sherff¹ and from Indiana by E. D. Hull², hence its recent detection in two of the northern counties of Illinois is not at all surprising. The discovery of the spotted knapweed in 1945, by Dr. E. W. Fell of Rockford, brings the total number of centaureas now known in this state to seven, the others being *C. calcitrapa* L., *C. cyanus* L., *C. jacea* L., *C. nigra* L., *C. solstitialis* L. and *C. vochinensis* Bernh. The following specimens of *C. maculosa* L. are in the herbarium of the Illinois State Museum at Springfield, and through the courtesy of the curator, Professor Geo. D. Fuller, duplicates have been deposited in the herbarium of the University of Illinois. The collection-data are as follows:

ILLINOIS: roadside, generally scattered over the county, three miles south of Rockford, Winnebago County, July 30, 1945, *E. W. Fell* No. 45485; roadside, three miles southeast of Cherry Valley, September 27, 1945, *E. W. Fell*, No. 45743.—GEORGE NEVILLE JONES, University of Illinois.

¹ RHODORA 48: 98 (1946).

² Op. cit. 391.

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